

17th floor, 1030 West Georgia St., Vancouver, BC, Canada V6E 2Y3 **Tel:** 604. 714. 3600 **Fax:** 604. 714. 3669 **Web:** manningelliott.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Jewish Family Services Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Jewish Family Services Agency (the "Agency"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at August 31, 2022, and the statements of changes in net assets, revenue and expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as at August 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Agency derives revenue from donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of donation revenue was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Agency and we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donation revenue, excess of revenue over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended August 31, 2022 and 2021, total assets as at August 31, 2022 and 2021, and net assets at both the beginning and end of August 31, 2022 and 2021 years. Our opinion on the financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2021 also contained a gualification because of the possible effects of this limitation in scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Agency in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Agency or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Agency's financial reporting process.



17th floor, 1030 West Georgia St., Vancouver, BC, Canada V6E 2Y3 **Tel:** 604. 714. 3600 **Fax:** 604. 714. 3669 **Web:** manningelliott.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
 and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
 conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Agency's ability to continue as a going concern. If
 we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors'
 report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to
 modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our
 auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Agency to cease to continue as
 a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



17th floor, 1030 West Georgia St., Vancouver, BC, Canada V6E 2Y3 **Tel:** 604. 714. 3600 **Fax:** 604. 714. 3669 **Web:** manningelliott.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the British Columbia Societies Act, we report that, in our opinion, the accounting policies applied in preparing and presenting the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations have been applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Manning Elliott LLP

Manning Elliott LLP Chartered Professional Accountants Vancouver, British Columbia November 23, 2022

JEWISH FAMILY SERVICES AGENCY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT AUGUST 31, 2022

		2022		2021
ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Cash	\$	2,018,634	\$	1,688,759
Accounts receivable (Note 3)		143,718		143,646
Goods and services tax receivable		18,527		37,555
Prepaid expenses		107,150		92,538
		2,288,029		1,962,498
INVESTMENTS (Note 4)		1,862,600		2,123,074
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 5)		288,733		304,574
	\$	4,439,362	\$	4,390,146
	φ	4,439,302	φ	4,390,140
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	272,270	\$	366,346
Government remittances payable	Ψ	54,148	Ψ	38,516
Deferred contributions and revenue (Note 7)		554,183		1,018,590
Current portion of deferred rent (Note 1 (d))		6,376		1,523
		886,977		1,424,975
DEFEDRED DENT (Note 1 (d))		22,099		
DEFERRED RENT (<i>Note 1 (d</i>)) DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS RELATED		22,099		28,475
TO CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 8)		151,220		89,693
		101,220		00,000
		1,060,296		1,543,143
NET ASSETS		3,379,066		2,847,003
	\$	4,439,362	\$	4,390,146

Approved on behalf of the Board
Director
Director

JEWISH FAMILY SERVICES AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		2022		2021
REVENUE Denotions and fundroising	¢	2 502 425	¢	2 1 4 0 4 4 0
Donations and fundraising	\$	2,593,125	\$	2,149,449
Fees for services		1,674,442		1,892,273 746,533
Holocaust Survivor Emergency Assistance Program Jewish Federation of Greater Vancouver		957,195 923,598		923,669
Government and other grants		923,398 797,142		923,009 641,510
Income distributions from endowment funds (Note 10)		197,567		188,908
Amortization of deferred contributions		137,307		100,000
related to capital assets (Note 8)		43,117		8,299
Miscellaneous income		-		1,793
		7,186,186		6,552,434
EXPENSES				
Wages and benefits (Note 11)		3,685,018		3,891,277
Financial Aid - Holocaust survivors		996,504		850,992
Financial Aid - Food assistance		424,648		563,670
Administrative		415,229		331,765
Programs		378,859		272,676
Rent (Note 1 (d))		297,575		274,039
Financial Aid - Other		116,955		149,229
Amortization of capital assets		92,343		55,466
Advertising and promotion		18,684		21,056
Staff and volunteer training		14,027		14,145
Travel		12,964		8,754
Fundraising		10,375		53,243
		6,463,181		6,486,312
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS		723,005		66,122
OTHER (EXPENSES) INCOME Realized gain (loss) on investments		9,255		(474)
Interest income from endowment funds (Note 4)		119,837		98,291
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments		(292,627)		250,909
Investment management fees		(27,407)		(26,890)
		(190,942)		321,836
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR		532,063		387,958
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,847,003		2,459,045
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	3,379,066	\$	2,847,003

JEWISH FAMILY SERVICES AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		2022		2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	\$	532,063	\$	387,958
Items not affecting cash:	Ŧ	,	Ŧ	,
Amortization of deferred contributions related to capital assets		(43,117)		(8,299)
Amortization of capital assets		92,343		55,466
Rent related to inducement		(1,523)		29,998
Realized gain on investments		(9,255) 292,627		474 (250,909)
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments		292,027		(250,909)
		863,138		214,688
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Accounts receivable		(72)		231,093
Goods and services tax receivable		19,028		(24,117)
Prepaid expenses		(14,612)		(9,312)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(94,076)		114,884
Government remittances payable		15,632		(37,269)
Deferred contributions and revenue		(464,407)		(295,617)
		(538,507)		(20,338)
		324,631		194,350
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets		(76,502)		(323,559)
Investment income reinvested, net		(92,430)		(71,401)
Disbursement from investments		69,532		67,262
		(99,400)		(327,698)
FINANCING ACTIVITY				
Receipt of deferred contributions related to capital assets		104,644		97,992
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH DURING THE YEAR		329,875		(35,356)
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,688,759		1,724,115
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	2,018,634	\$	1,688,759

PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Jewish Family Service Agency of Vancouver (the "Agency") is a not-for-profit organization incorporated under the Society Act of British Columbia and a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Agency transitioned to the British Columbia Societies Act during fiscal 2017. The purpose of the Agency is to provide resources and opportunities to strengthen and embrace the quality of life of individuals and families within the Jewish and broader communities.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO") under Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook - Accounting. These financial statements have, in management's opinion, been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality using the significant accounting policies noted below:

(a) Financial instruments

Measurement

The Agency's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, investment and accounts payable.

The Agency initially measures all of its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The Agency subsequently measures all of its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value, being the investment in the Tikkum Olam fund. Changes in fair value of financial instruments carried at fair value are recognized in the statement of revenue and expenses.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of any write-down that is determined is immediately recognized in the statement of revenue and expenses. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of any improvement, provided is it no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statement of revenue and expenses in the period in which it is determined.

Transaction costs

The Agency recognizes its transaction costs in the statement of revenue and expenses in the period incurred. However, financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to the origination, issuance or assumption.

(b) Cash

Cash consists of cash on hand.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization which are recorded over the useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates:

Computer equipment	25%	straight-line method
Equipment	20%	straight-line method
Leasehold improvements		term of lease
Vehicles	30%	straight-line method

(d) Leases

Leases defined as operating leases are included in the determination of excess of revenue over expenses over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The Agency has recorded an expense of \$1,523 (2021 - income of \$29,998) in rent related to inducement in the statement of revenue and expenses and change in net assets.

(e) Revenue recognition

The Agency follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred with unspent amounts presented as deferred contributions.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Deferred revenue represents restricted operating funding received in the current period that is related to a subsequent period or for specific purposes. Additionally, contributions towards expenses that will be incurred in future years are reported as deferred revenue.

Deferred capital contributions include contributions that are restricted for the purchase of capital assets. These contributions will be amortized and recognized as revenue on the same basis as the amortization expense related to the acquired capital asset.

Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

(f) Foreign currency translation

Transactions and balances in currencies other than the Canadian dollar are translated using the temporal method. Accordingly revenue, expenses and non-monetary balances are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the transaction dates, and monetary balances are translated at the rate prevailing at the balance sheet date with resulting exchange gains and losses being included in the determination of excess revenue over expenses in the year.

(g) Contributed services and materials

The Agency benefits from contributed services in the form of volunteer time. The value of volunteer time is not recognized in these financial statements. Other contributed services and materials are recognized only when their fair values can be reasonably estimated and the materials and services are used in the normal course of operations and would have otherwise been purchased.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Management believes that the estimates used are reasonable and prudent, however, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the valuation of accounts receivable, determination of the useful lives of assets used for calculating amortization, measurement of deferred contributions and revenue, deferred contributions related to capital assets and deferred rent, and the determination of certain amounts recorded as accrued liabilities.

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISKS

The Agency's financial instruments are described in Note 1(a). In management's opinion, the Agency is not exposed to any significant credit, liquidity, market, currency, interest rate or other price risks arising from these financial instruments, except as explained below. In addition the Agency is not exposed to any material concentrations of risk and there have been no significant changes in the risk exposures from the prior year except as explained below.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Agency is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts receivable. The Agency mitigates this risk by maintaining, if deemed necessary, a provision for potential credit losses and any such losses to date have been within management's expectations.

Although the COVID-19 health pandemic has had a significant impact on many organizations, based on the nature of the Agency's operations, management has determined the Agency's credit risk to be minimal and will continue to monitor cash collections to mitigate any potential credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Agency is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of accounts payable and mitigates this risk by having significant cash reserves in addition to a line of credit available for use, as described in Note 6.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Agency is not exposed to significant currency risk because the cash balance in foreign currency is not materially significant in current year \$239 (2021 - \$110,287).

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISKS (continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. The Agency is exposed to interest rate risk on its line of credit when it is in use (Note 6) as well as on its income earned from investments (Note 4). The Agency mitigates this risk by reviewing its interest rates on a regular basis.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Agency is not exposed to other price risk.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2022	2021
Senior care service fee Other	\$ 140,325 3,393	\$ 140,885 2,761
	\$ 143,718	\$ 143,646

As at August 31, 2022 and 2021 no allowance of doubtful accounts provision was deemed necessary.

4. INVESTMENTS

The Agency has invested in an endowment fund, JFSA Tikkun Olam Fund (the "Fund"), within the Jewish Community Foundation of Greater Vancouver. The Fund has an annual income distribution rate of 3.50% (2021 - 3.50%) guaranteed to the Agency. Income distributions from the fund are to be used at the internal discretion of the Board of Directors to carry out its charitable activities in the amount determined by an authorized representative of the Board of Directors of the Agency on an annual basis. The Agency is the beneficiary of the original capital, in addition to the appreciation in value of the fund, which is why the investments are recorded as an asset of the Agency. These investments are separate from the endowment funds and income described in Note 10.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	 cumulated nortization	 2022 et book value	1	2021 Net book value
Computer equipment	\$ 112,320	\$ 44,920	\$ 67,400	\$	34,983
Equipment	145,743	46,920	98,823		115,290
Leasehold improvements	129,964	34,242	95,722		111,920
Vehicles	51,977	25,189	26,788		42,381
	\$ 440,004	\$ 151,271	\$ 288,733	\$	304,574

6. LINE OF CREDIT

The Agency has available a credit facility with an amount up to \$300,000 with Vancouver City Savings Credit Union ("Vancity") secured by an agreement under the Personal Property Security Act. Interest is charged at Vancity's prime lending rate plus 1% (2021 - 1%) per annum. At August 31, 2022, the Agency had not drawn on its line of credit (2021 - had not drawn).

7. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS AND REVENUE

	2022	2021
Balance, begining of year Amounts received during the year Amounts recognized as revenue during the year	\$ 1,018,590 620,647 (1,085,054)	\$ 1,314,207 364,773 (660,390)
Balance, end of year	\$ 554,183	\$ 1,018,590

8. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS RELATED TO CAPITAL ASSETS

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent restricted contributions that have been used to purchase capital assets. These contributions are amortized at the same rate as the underlying assets

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received during the year Contributions recognized to revenue during the year	\$ 89,693 104,644 (43,117)	\$ - 97,992 (8,299)
Balance, end of year	\$ 151,220	\$ 89,693

9. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Agency has entered into various agreements for the lease for office space and kitchen space expiring at varying dates through April 2026. Minimum payments under these agreements during the next four fiscal years are anticipated to be as follows:

2023 2024	\$ 188,835 137,588
2025	113,841
2026	 77,562
	\$ 517,826

10. ENDOWMENT FUNDS

The Agency is an income beneficiary of endowment funds with the Vancouver Foundation and the Jewish Community Foundation of Greater Vancouver (the "Foundations"). The endowment funds are not reported on these financial statements as assets, as they are not owned or controlled by the agency. The Agency is an income beneficiary of these funds but the capital is permanently invested with and held in perpetuity by the Foundations. The income is distributed to the Agency annually for use in its operations and is considered unrestricted.

The market value of the investments of the endowment funds are as follows:

	2022	2021
Jewish Community Foundation of Greater Vancouver Vancouver Foundation	\$ 3,489,823 335,598	\$ 3,938,259 373,733
	\$ 3,825,421	\$ 4,311,992

11. WAGES AND BENEFITS

Five employees (2021 - four employees) earned over \$75,000 during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022 for a total of \$586,542 (2021 - \$450,217).

12. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's financial statements. Such reclassification does not have any effect on the net assets or excess of revenue over expenses for the year previously reported.